

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

## OIL FOR SEWING MACHINES

Revision date: 17.11.2023

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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

100100 -100140 OIL FOR SEWING MACHINES

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### Use of the substance/mixture

Industrial uses:

Manufacture of Substances, Use of intermediate, Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures, Uses in Coatings, Metal working fluids, Use as release agents or binders; Rubber production and processing, Use in polymer processing, Lubricants, Use in Laboratories, Water treatment chemicals, Use as a functional fluids

Professional uses:

Uses in Coatings, Use in Cleaning Agents, Metal working fluids, Use as release agents or binders, Use in agrochemicals, Lubricants (Low environmental release), Lubricants (High environmental release), Use in Laboratories, Water treatment chemicals, Explosives manufacture & use, Use as a functional fluids,

Consumer uses:

Use in agrochemicals, Use as a fuel, Lubricants (Low environmental release), Uses in cosmetics/personal care products, perfumes and fragrances

##### Uses advised against

none

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	Gessert & Sohn	
Street:	Siemensstr. 17	
Place:	D-40721 Hilden	
Telephone:	+49(0)2103-5168-1	Telefax: +49(0)2103-5168-2
Responsible Department:	Produktsicherheit: info@hanseline.de	

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +49 551 19240, GIZ-Nord, Göttingen, Deutschland

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

This substance is not classified as hazardous in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Additional advice on labelling

none

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

This substance does not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria of REACH, Annex XIII.

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

##### Chemical characterization

The mineral oil can be described by one or more EINECS numbers.

##### Hazardous components

none (according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH))

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### Further Information

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General information

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection! Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.  
Spillages make surfaces slippery.

#### After inhalation

In case of symptoms arising from inhalation of product fumes, mists or vapour: Remove casualty to a quiet and well ventilated place if safe to do so.

Obtain medical assistance if breathing remains difficult.

If casualty is unconscious and not breathing: Ensure that there is no obstruction to breathing and give artificial respiration by trained personnel. If necessary, give external cardiac massage and obtain medical advice.

If casualty is unconscious and breathing, place in the recovery position. Administer oxygen if necessary.

Inhalation is unlikely because of the low vapour pressure of the substance at ambient temperature.

Symptoms: irritation of the respiratory tract due to excess fume, mists or vapour exposure.

#### After contact with skin

Remove contaminated clothing, contaminated footwear and dispose of safely.

Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists.

When using high-pressure equipment, injection of product can occur. If high-pressure injuries occur, immediately seek professional medical attention. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

For minor thermal burns, cool the burn. Hold the burned area under cold running water for at least five minutes, or until the pain subsides. Body hypothermia must be avoided.

Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.

Wash affected area with soap and water.

May cause burn in case of contact with product at high temperature.

Symptoms: dry skin, irritation in case of repeated or prolonged exposure.

#### After contact with eyes

If hot product is splashed into the eye, it should be cooled down immediately to dissipate heat, under cold running water for at least 5 minutes. Immediately obtain specialist medical assessment and treatment for the casualty.

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing.

Symptoms: slight irritation. May cause burn in case of contact with product at high temperature.

#### After ingestion

Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that the vomit does not enter the lungs (aspiration). Once vomiting ceases, place the person in the recovery position with the legs slightly raised.

Always assume that aspiration has occurred. Seek professional medical attention or send the casualty to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

Symptoms: few or no symptoms expected. If any, nausea and diarrhoea might occur.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Individuals with pre-existing lung disorders may have increased susceptibility of the effects of exposure.

Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs. IF SWALLOWED: Aspiration hazard.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment should be in general symptomatic to relieve any effects.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Foam (trained personnel only). Water fog (trained personnel only). Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide. Other inert gases (subject to regulations). Sand or earth.

#### **Unsuitable extinguishing media**

Do not use direct water jets on the burning product; they could cause splattering and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### **General advice**

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.  
Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.  
When inside buildings or confined spaces, ensure adequate ventilation.  
Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel.  
If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations.

#### **For non-emergency personnel**

Work helmet. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots.  
Small spillages: Normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material.  
Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use.  
Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated.  
If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.  
Respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases (e.g. formation of mists).  
Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with combined dust/organic vapour filter(s), or a Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure.

#### **For emergency responders**

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering sewers, rivers or other bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **For containment**

Stop or contain leak at the source, if this possible without risk. Avoid direct contact with released material. Stay upwind.

#### **For cleaning up**

Collect free product with suitable means. Transfer collected product and other contaminated materials to suitable containers for recovery or safe disposal.  
Except in case of small spillages: The feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.  
The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.  
In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment.

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Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents.  
If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means.  
If this not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means.  
In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil and treat in accordance with local regulations.

### Other information

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material.  
Local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions.  
For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No information available.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use.  
Avoid splash filling of bulk volumes when handling hot liquid product.  
Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.  
Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Avoid contact with the product.  
Take precautionary measures against static electricity.  
Use adequate personal protective equipment as required.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.  
Apply skin care products after work.  
Do not put any product-impregnated cleaning rags into your trouser pockets.  
When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff.  
Keep away from food and beverages.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills.  
Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.  
Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel.  
Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer. Keep only in the original container. Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled.

#### Hints on joint storage

Store separately from oxidising agents.

#### Further information on storage conditions

Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not weld, solder, drill, cut or incinerate empty containers, unless they have been properly cleaned.

Fire class: B

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### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Additional advice on limit values

air limit values:

Possibility of exposure to Aerosol

Limit value TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 8h- Source: ACGIH

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Do not enter empty storage tanks until measurements of available oxygen have been carried out. Storage and handling temperatures should be kept as low as feasible to minimize fume production.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

If splashing is likely, full head and face protection (protective shield and/or safety goggles) should be used.

##### Hand protection

Heat resistant gloves with long cuffs, or gauntlets.

Gloves must be periodically inspected and changed in case of wear, perforations or contaminations.

##### Skin protection

Wear protective clothing for operations with hot material: heat resistant coveralls (with trousers legs over boots and sleeves over cuffs of gloves), heat resistant heavy duty antiskid boots (e. g. leather).

Coveralls should be changed at the end of the work shift and cleaned as necessary to avoid transfer of product to clothes or underwear.

For loading/unloading operations: wear safety helmet, if necessary integrated full face visor. In case of hot/molten product: with integrated full face visor.

##### Respiratory protection

Respiratory equipment in case of nebulosity or aerosol: Use a mask with a filter type A2, A2/P2 or ABEK. If necessary, approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used when handling hot product in confined spaces: enclosed face mask with cartridge/filter type "A" or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). If exposure levels cannot be determined or estimated with adequate confidence, or an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

##### Thermal hazards

Wear protective clothing for operations with hot material: heat resistant coveralls (with trousers legs over boots and sleeves over cuffs of gloves), heat resistant heavy duty antiskid boots (e. g. leather).

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	colourless
Odour:	characteristic

Melting point/freezing point:	No information available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	No information available.
Flammability	
Solid/liquid:	not applicable
Gas:	not applicable
Lower explosion limits:	No information available.

#### Test method

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Upper explosion limits:	No information available.
Flash point:	>170 °C DIN ISO 2592
Auto-ignition temperature:	No information available.
Decomposition temperature:	>350 °C
pH-Value:	not determined
Viscosity / kinematic: (at 40 °C)	24 mm <sup>2</sup> /s DIN EN ISO 3104
Water solubility:	practically insoluble
Solubility in other solvents not determined	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	> 4 Log KOW
Vapour pressure: (at 20 °C)	<0,1 hPa calculated.
Vapour pressure:	No information available.
Density (at 15 °C):	0,853 g/cm <sup>3</sup> DIN 51757
Bulk density:	not relevant
Relative vapour density:	No information available.
Particle characteristics:	not applicable

### 9.2. Other information

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

The product is not: Explosive.

Sustaining combustion:

No data available

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:

No information available.

Gas:

No information available.

Oxidizing properties

No information available.

#### Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate:

No information available.

Solvent separation test:

No information available.

Solvent content:

No information available.

Solid content:

No information available.

Sublimation point:

No information available.

Softening point:

No information available.

Pour point:

<-6 °C ISO 3016

Viscosity / dynamic:

No information available.

Flow time:

No information available.

#### Further Information

No information available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

No information available.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No information available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heating above the maximum recommended handling and storage temperature may cause

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degradation of the substance and evolution of irritant vapours and fumes.

### **10.5. Incompatible materials**

Materials to avoid:

Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard.

A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

### **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Combustion (incomplete) will likely generate oxides of carbon, sulphur and nitrogen, as well as additional undetermined organic compounds of the same elements. None under normal conditions at ambient temperatures.

### **Further information**

Decomposition takes place from temperatures above: > 350 °C

This substance is stable under all ordinary circumstances at ambient temperatures, and if released into the environment.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### **11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute oral toxicity (LD50) > 5000 mg/kg Rat

Acute dermal toxicity (LD50) > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit

Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist) (LC50) > 5 mg/l (4 h) Rat

(ECHA Dossier)

#### **Irritation and corrosivity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation: non-irritant. (Rabbit)

Serious eye damage/irritation: non-irritant. (Rabbit)

#### **Sensitising effects**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): none

Literature reference: ECHA Dossier

#### **STOT-single exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **STOT-repeated exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Subacute dermal toxicity:

Method: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)

Exposure time: 28d

Species: Rabbit

Results: 1000 mg/kg

Literature reference: ECHA Dossier

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Information on likely routes of exposure**

Ingestion / Inhalation / Skin contact / Eye contact

#### **Specific effects in experiment on an animal**

No information available.

#### **Additional information on tests**

Substance related information: health hazard properties, Special hazards arising from the substance or

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mixture, Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

### Practical experience

No information available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Acute (short-term) fish toxicity (LC50) > 1000 mg/l (96 h) *Leuciscus idus* (golden orfe)

Acute (short-term) toxicity to crustacea (LL50) > 100 mg/l (48 h) *Daphnia magna*

Acute (short-term) toxicity to algae and cyanobacteria (NOEL) > 100 mg/l (3 d) *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*

Chronic (long-term) fish toxicity (NOEL) > 1000 mg/l (28 d) QSAR

(ECHA Dossier)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The product has not been tested.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1%.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

General information:

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Disposal recommendations

Surplus (unused) or off-spec substance can be recovered or re-conditioned (according to specific characteristics and composition), or can be disposed of as waste.

Disposal can be carried out directly, or by delivery to qualified waste handlers. Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations.

This substance can be burned or incinerated, subject to national/local authorizations, relevant contamination limits, safety regulations and air quality legislation.

These codes can be given only as a suggestion, according to the original composition of the product, and its intended (foreseeable) use(s).

The final user has the responsibility for the attribution of the most suitable code, according to the actual use(s) of the material, contaminations or alterations.

#### List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150106 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); mixed packaging

#### Contaminated packaging

Disposal of emptied containers: Contact the original supplier or deliver to a qualified disposal organization. Do not cut, weld, bore, burn or incinerate emptied containers, unless they have been cleaned and declared safe.

Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not re-use emptied, unclean containers for other purposes.



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General information:

In the absence of relevant alterations to the material or presence of contaminants, disposal of this substance as surplus (unused) or off-spec material, or waste resulting from the foreseeable use(s), does not present a specific hazard, or require special handling measures other than those indicated in Sect 7.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Land transport (ADR/RID)

<b>14.1. UN number or ID number:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.4. Packing group:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

#### Inland waterways transport (ADN)

<b>14.1. UN number or ID number:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.4. Packing group:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

#### Marine transport (IMDG)

<b>14.1. UN number or ID number:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.4. Packing group:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

#### Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

<b>14.1. UN number or ID number:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
<b>14.4. Packing group:</b>	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

##### EU regulatory information

2010/75/EU (VOC):	not determined
2004/42/EC (VOC):	not determined
Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

##### National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

Water hazard class (D): 1 - slightly hazardous to water

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

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### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route  
(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%

#### Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.